NHBC Verification Requirements

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Verification Requirements

- Soil Quality Testing Requirements
- Clean Cover Thickness
- Reporting



Verification – Soil Quality Testing Requirements

- Need to ensure the placed materials are suitable for use
- NHBC chemical testing requirements will depend on the source of the capping materials. Site won or imported?
- Sources :



Verification – Soil Quality Testing Requirements

- Greenfield Source (Direct Transfer From Donor Site)
 - A minimum of a desk study and a site walkover (by a suitably qualified person), and/or previous site investigation report is required to confirm no historical or visible evidence of contamination.
 - If no potential sources of contamination is identified then no additional testing above BS:3882:2015 and BS8601:2013 is required.
 - For site-won soils, sufficient evidence of soil suitability including SI data, and on site soil management would be required
- Manufactured soil where GOOD levels of quality control are in place:
 - Copy of suppliers chemical test certificate is required.
 - Certificate should be current and representative of the material actually being used on site.
 - If the above information is available, additional testing may not be required
- Delivery Tickets are required to confirm the soil source but beyond this NHBC would not normally require further chemical analysis for these sources



Verification – Delivery Notes/ Chain of Custody

- Chain of Custody is important if imported materials (from non contaminated sources) are assessed in advance based on off-site information
- Haulage delivery notes may be acceptable the more info the better
 - On sites with large import volumes, a selection of delivery notes would be ok
- Can you confirm the certificate relates to the material imported to site?
- A visual inspection of soil on delivery essential (does soil visually compare with that described on suppliers test report?)



Verification – Soil Quality Testing Frequency

- For a source with unknown / insufficient background information or testing, sufficient testing should be undertaken to confirm the soils are suitable for use
- NHBC consider the suggested testing frequencies below as good practice (for each separate soil source used)

No of Plots	Nominal sampling frequency	Suggested min No of tests per site of each capping material
1-5	1 test per plot	3
5-10	1 test per 2 plots	5
10-20	1 test per 2 plots	5
20-30	1 test per 3 plots	7
30-40	1 test per 4 plots	10
Over 40 plots	1 test per 4 plots	10

 Skip Waste is not normally acceptable as a capping material without extensive testing



Verification – Soil Quality Chemical Analysis

- Chemical analysis should include contaminant concentrations as well as the criteria set out in BS3882:2015
- No simple answer to testing requirements it depends on the source, the contaminants of concern and the available documentation;
- Should be agreed in advance / included in the Verification Plan
- Don't forget to allow enough time for laboratory analysis to be completed!

tone Content	%	0.1	NONE	< 0.1	34
loisture Content	%	0.01	NONE	19	19
otal mass of sample received	kg	0.001	NONE	1.0	1.0

Asbestos Analyst ID N/A N/A N/A SES SES	Asbestos in Soil	Туре	N/A	ISO 17025	Not-detected	Not-detected
	Asbestos Analyst ID	N/A	N/A	N/A	SFS	SFS

pH - Automated	pH Units	N/A	MCERTS	8.1	8.5
Total Cyanide	mg/kg	1	MCERTS	< 1.0	< 1.0
Water Soluble Sulphate as SO4 16hr extraction (2:1)	mg/kg	2.5	MCERTS	110	130
Water Soluble SO4 16hr extraction (2:1 Leachate Equivalent)	g/l	0.00125	MCERTS	0.057	0.065
Water Soluble SO4 16hr extraction (2:1 Leachate Equivalent)	mg/l	1.25	MCERTS	56.5	64.6
Organic Matter (automated)	%	0.1	MCERTS	3.2	0.9

Naphthalene	mg/kg	0.05	MCERTS	< 0.05	< 0.05
Acenaphthylene	mg/kg	0.05	MCERTS	< 0.05	< 0.05
Acenaphthene	mg/kg	0.05	MCERTS	< 0.05	< 0.05
Fluorene	mg/kg	0.05	MCERTS	< 0.05	< 0.05
Phenanthrene	mg/kg	0.05	MCERTS	0.22	< 0.05
Anthracene	mg/kg	0.05	MCERTS	< 0.05	< 0.05
Fluoranthene	mg/kg	0.05	MCERTS	0.45	< 0.05
Pyrene	mg/kg	0.05	MCERTS	0.42	< 0.05
Benzo(a)anthracene	mg/kg	0.05	MCERTS	0.31	< 0.05
Chrysene	mg/kg	0.05	MCERTS	0.24	< 0.05
Benzo(b)fluoranthene	mg/kg	0.05	MCERTS	0.31	< 0.05
Benzo(k)fluoranthene	mg/kg	0.05	MCERTS	0.16	< 0.05
Benzo(a)pyrene	mg/kg	0.05	MCERTS	0.31	< 0.05
Indeno(1,2,3-cd)pyrene	mg/kg	0.05	MCERTS	0.22	< 0.05
Dibenz(a,h)anthracene	mg/kg	0.05	MCERTS	< 0.05	< 0.05
Benzo(ghi)perylene	mg/kg	0.05	MCERTS	0.28	< 0.05

TOTAL PAH					
Speciated Total EPA-16 PAHs	mg/kg	0.8	MCERTS	2.92	< 0.80
Heavy Metals / Metalloids					
Arsenic (aqua regia extractable)	mg/kg	1	MCERTS	5.8	2.5
Boron (water soluble)	mg/kg	0.2	MCERTS	2.1	< 0.2
Cadmium (aqua regia extractable)	mg/kg	0.2	MCERTS	0.3	< 0.2
Chromium (hexavalent)	mg/kg	1.2	NONE	< 1.2	< 1.2
Chromium (aqua regia extractable)	mg/kg	1	MCERTS	6.8	3.0
Copper (aqua regia extractable)	mg/kg	1	MCERTS	21	8.4
Lead (aqua regia extractable)	mg/kg	1	MCERTS	41	9.4
Mercury (aqua regia extractable)	mg/kg	0.3	MCERTS	< 0.3	< 0.3
Nickel (aqua regia extractable)	mg/kg	1	MCERTS	6.3	3.1
Selenium (aqua regia extractable)	mg/kg	1	MCERTS	< 1.0	< 1.0
Zinc (aqua regia extractable)	mg/kg	1	MCERTS	43	17



Verification – Clean Cover Thickness

- The inspection frequency for capping thickness will depend on the final land-use and number of plots being built.
- For low-rise housing with private gardens

No of Plots	Inspection Frequency
< 5	Each plot
5 to 20	1 in 2
20-30	1 in 3
>30	1 in 4

- Typically, verification of cover system thickness is via trial pit and use of photographs and/or logging of encountered soils.
 - Photographs should include a tape or staff clearly showing the hole depth
- If included in the clean cover design, don't forget to confirm the presence of geotextile/membrane/break layer



Verification – Reporting

- The verification report should ideally include:
 - Plot numbers which plots/block are being verified?
 - A site plan confirming sample and depth check locations
 - Confirmation of clean cover depth including photos
 - Confirmation of source suitability and chain of custody (if materials are verified off-site)
 - Chemical analysis results
- Watch Points
 - Keep the report clear, concise and easy to review
 - Does the verification report correspond to the clean cover design?
 - Allow enough time for chemical analysis to be completed to meet the site deadline/CML
 - Get the report to us as soon as possible





Common Verification Issues

- Design and Installation
- Chemical Analysis
- Depth Check and Photos
- Timescales



Common Issues – Design and Installation

- Has all land quality information been submitted for review?
- Has the final version clean capping design and validation plan been reviewed and accepted by NHBC?
- Has the required depth of capping been achieved?
- Where is the membrane?
- Change in soil source is not documented?



Common Issues – Chemical Analysis

- Testing Frequency
- Incorrect chemical analysis results provided such as:
 - Waste Acceptance Criteria (WAC)
 - BS3882 nutrient analysis without appropriate contaminant analysis
 - Missing determinands
 - Does the testing suite match the contaminants of concern?
- Chemical analysis is out of date it must be representative/applicable to the imported soil material;
- Chemical analysis exceeds the agreed screening/import criteria



- Frequency of Depth Check
- Poor quality photos
 - We need to the see the depth of the cover including base of the pit
 - If in doubt, two photos are better than one
 - Measurements on tape/staff need to be legible
 - Check photo resolution in electronic reports



These are genuine photos received for verification – not acceptable!















Plot 94 – Location of Hand Excavated Trial Pit



Good examples - clear depth measurements, base of hole (and membrane) visible!





Common Issues – Timescales

- The most common issue for verification reports is TIME (or lack of it)!
- Allow enough time for verification sampling, chemical analysis and reporting to be completed
- We need time to review the report
- If last minute submission is unavoidable please let us know in advance and keep us informed/updated on progress



Other Considerations – Garden Areas

- It might not be contaminated but.....
- Poor quality of gardens can be an issue and especially:
 - Waterlogging
 - Over compacted Soils; and
 - Poor growing medium
- Clauses 10.2.8 and 10.2.9 of NHBC standards include actions to reduce the risk of waterlogging such as rotavating to restore physical condition and drainage characteristics of soil which has been compacted





Finally....

- Verification of clean cover is not rocket science
- However, it does need some thought and planning
- Keep the verification report clear and concise; and
- Please keep us in the loop and avoid (if you can) submitting information at the last minute



Further Information

- NHBC Standards <u>www.nhbc-standards.co.uk</u>
- NHBC Technical Extra 8
 - https://www.nhbc.co.uk/builders/products-and-services/techzone/nhbcstandards/technical-extra
- BS 3882: 2015 Specification for Topsoil
- BS8601: 2013 Specification for Subsoil
- Or call us on 0344 633 1000 and ask for Technical Services



Thank you

